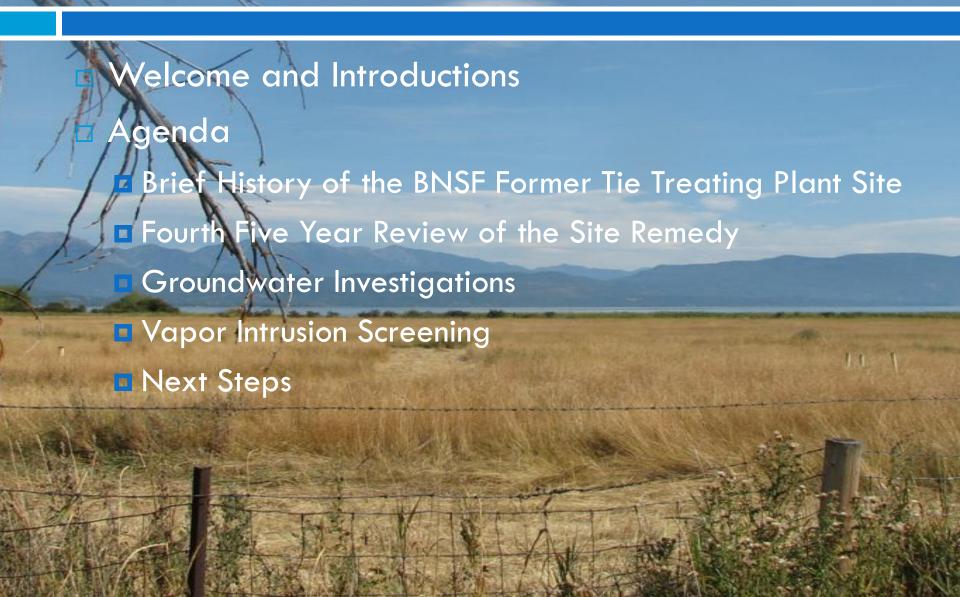




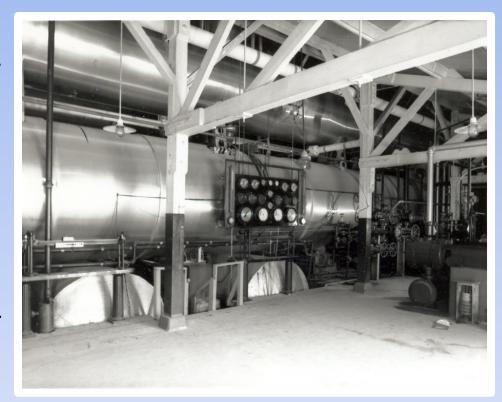


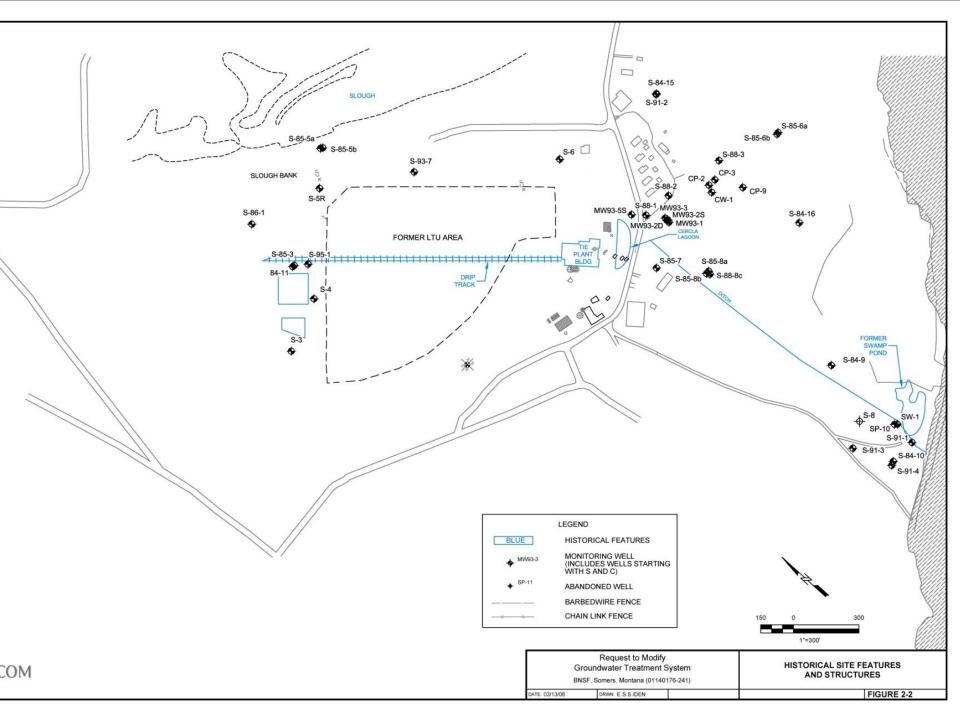
# Tonight's Meeting



### Somers Tie Plant - History

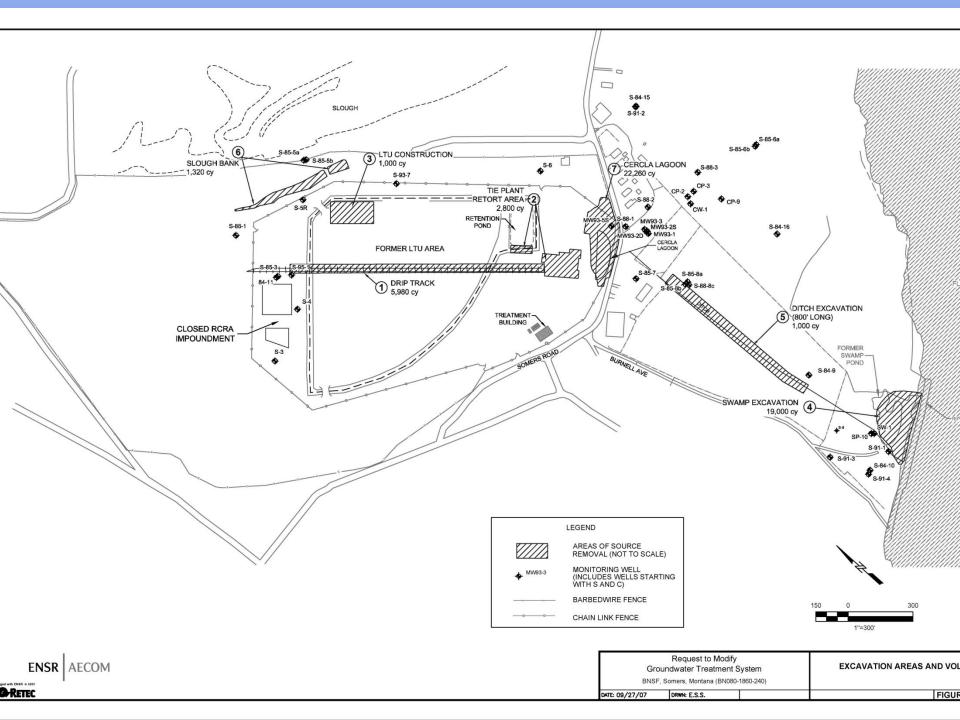
- BNSF operated the Somers Tie Plant1901 to 1986
- Treated railroad ties and other lumber products
- Wastewater was generated during the treatment process
- Site was proposed for inclusion on the Superfund National Priorities List (NPL) in 1984 – EPA withdrew proposal in 1991





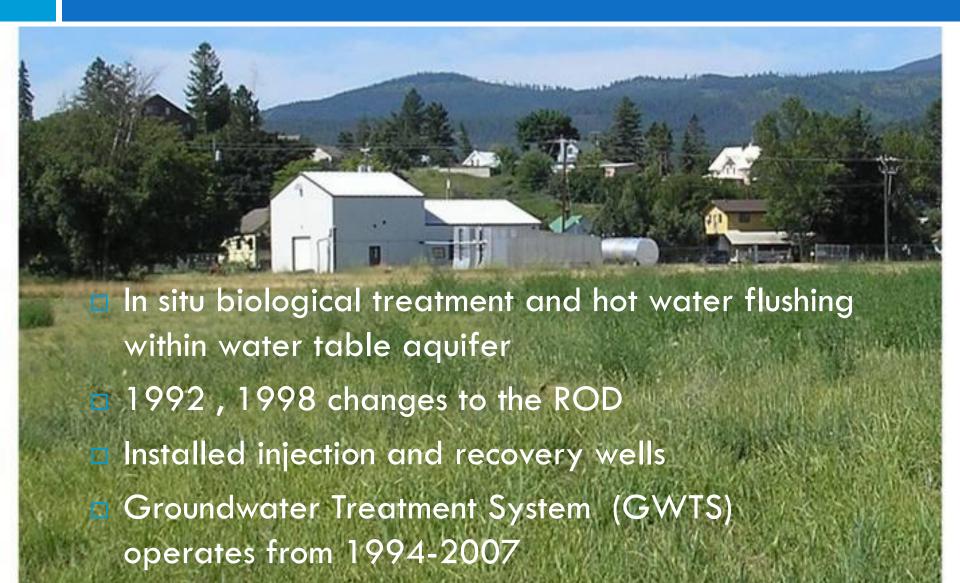
### 1989 Record of Decision - Soil Remedy

Excavation - 1993 Drip track Rertort building CERCLA lagoon Drainage ditch Slough bank Swamp pond Land Treatment Unit Constructed 1992-1993 Treatment begins 1994 Completion/Closed 2002 Backfill and revegetate excavated areas Wetland mitigation/restoration





# 1989 ROD - Groundwater Remedy



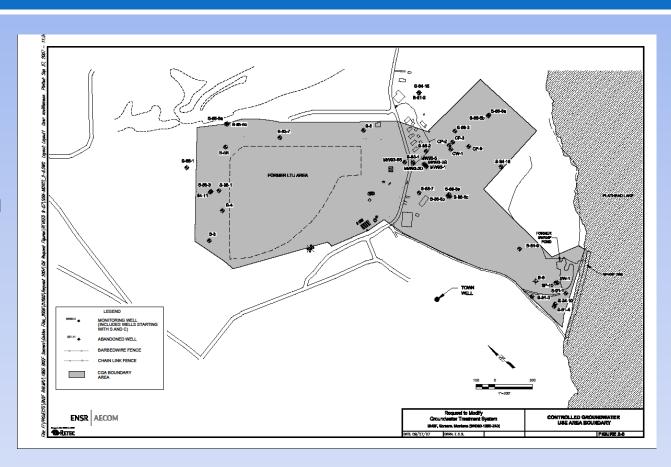
### Groundwater Remedy Implementation

- 2003 ControlledGroundwater Areaestablished
- 2007 Interim GWTS shut-down
- Groundwater monitoring required by Agencies to evaluate effect of shut-down on resources



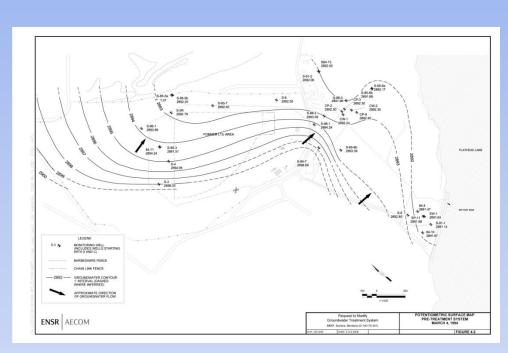
# Following the GWTS Shut-down

- 2009 and 2010 monitoring data
  - Levels exceed ROD cleanup levels
  - Extend beyond boundary of Controlled Groundwater Area boundary
- EPA and DEQ require BNSF to conduct additional groundwater investigations



### Groundwater Investigation Objectives

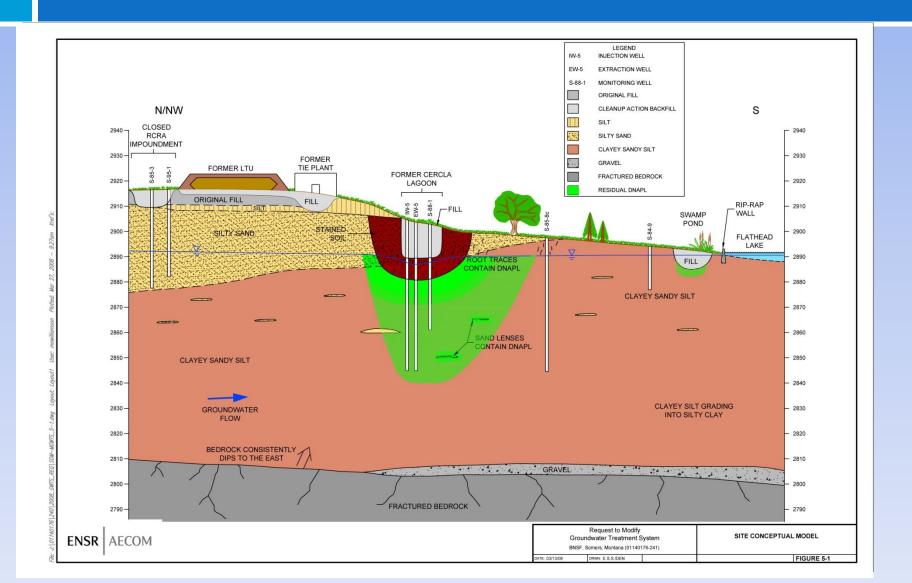
- Identify nature and extent of groundwater contamination
- Confirm groundwater flow direction
- Update existingConceptual Site Model
- Possibly investigate other treatment/remedy options



**TarGOST** 

Geoprobe

# **Current Conceptual Site Model**

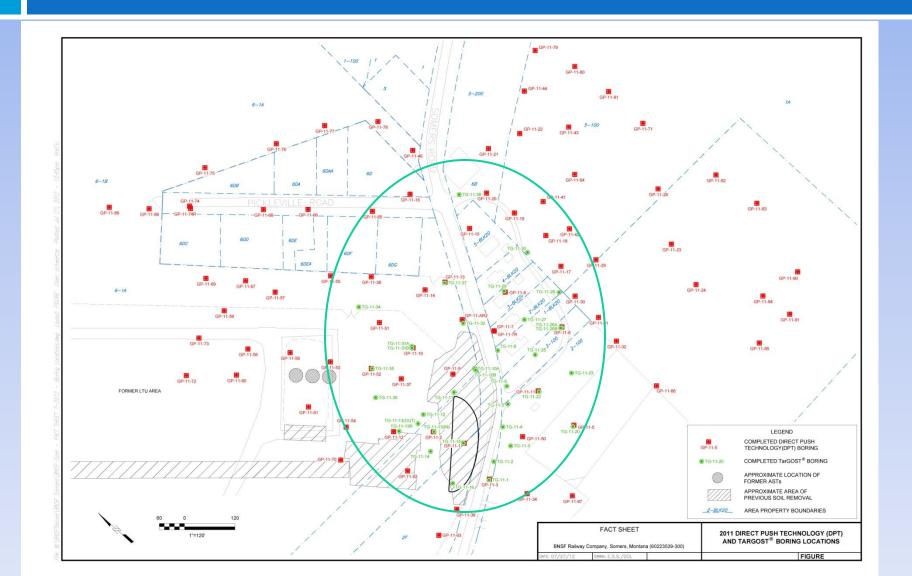


### Groundwater Investigation

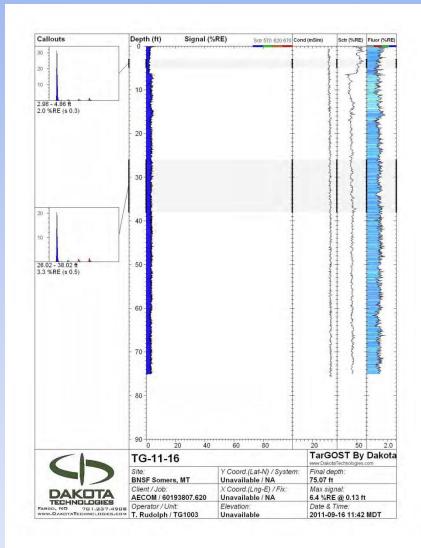
- TarGOST
  - Tar + Green Optical Screening Technology
  - Used to detect presence/absence of creosote
  - Creosote "flouresces"
  - Intensity of reaction varies
- September 2011
- TarGOST samples
  - □ Proposed: 15
  - □ Actual: 34

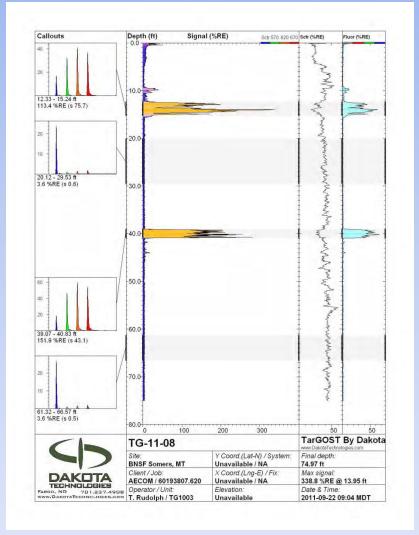


# Sampling Locations - TarGOST

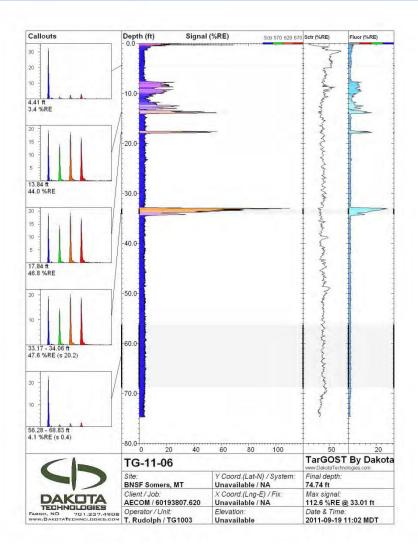


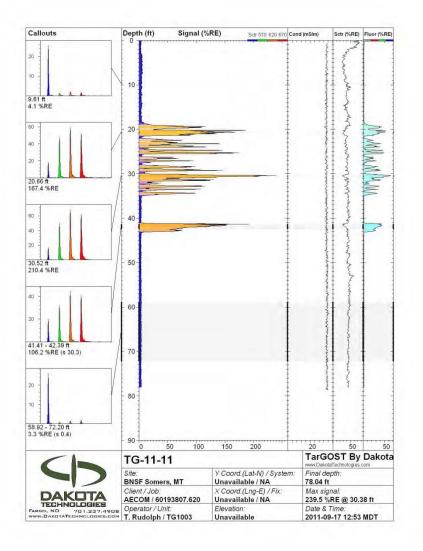
# TarGOST Readings





# TarGOST readings





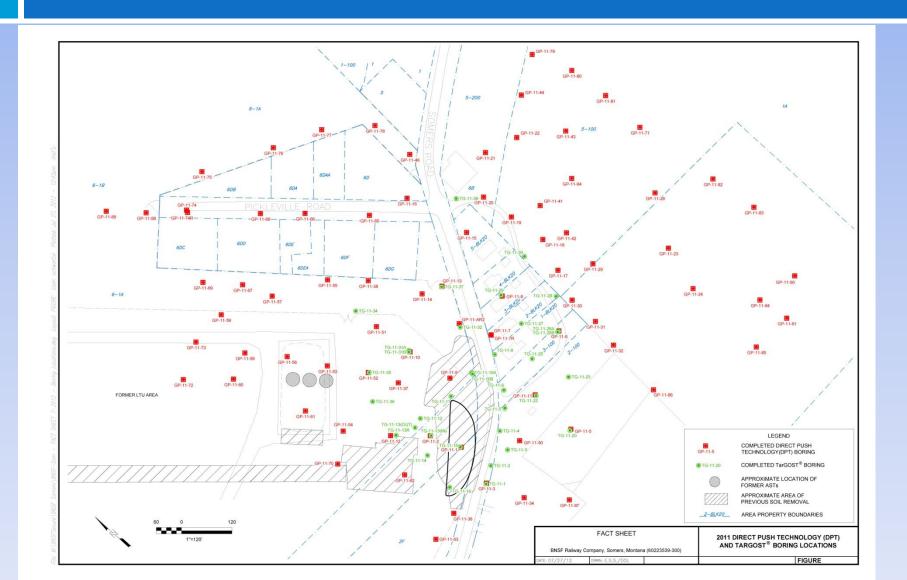
# Groundwater Field Investigation - Geoprobe

- Conducted September 2011-February 2012
- Collect soil profile, sample
- Groundwater level, sample
- Collected 145 soil and196 groundwater samples

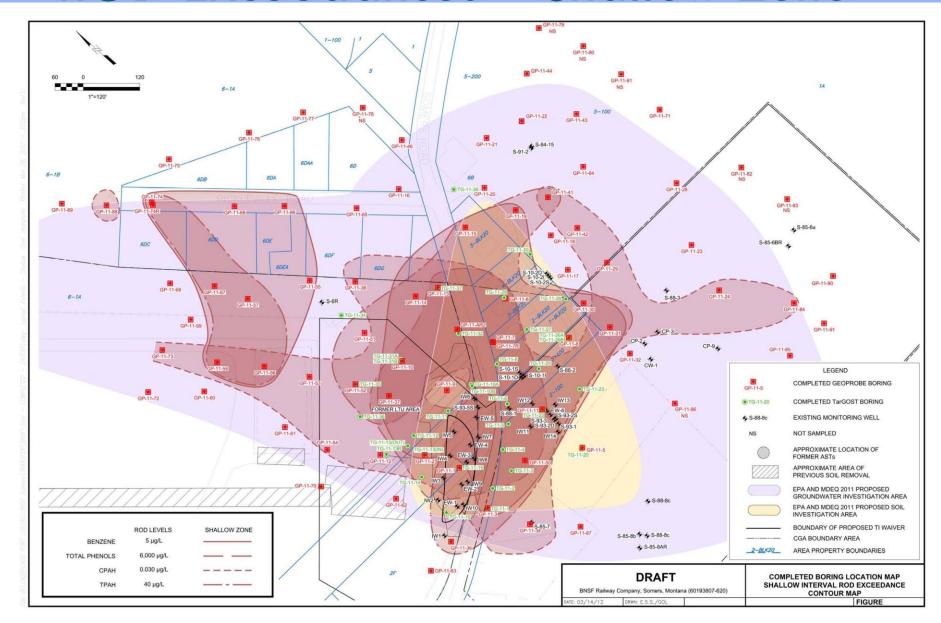




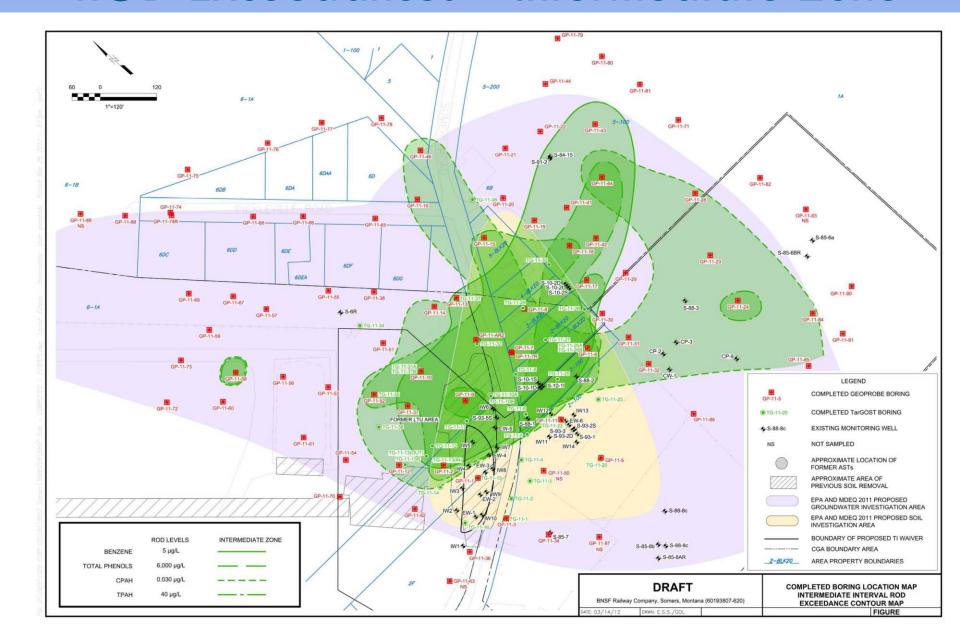
# Sampling Locations - Geoprobe



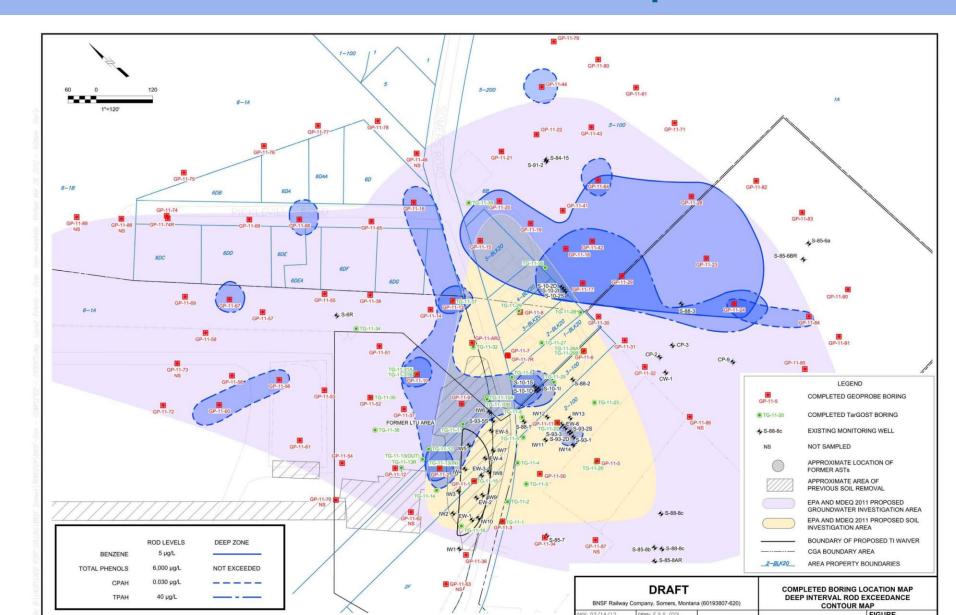
### ROD Exceedances - Shallow Zone



### ROD Exceedances – Intermediate Zone



### ROD Exceedances - Deep Zone



# Concurrently....

- □ Fall 2011 groundwater investigation
- Fourth Five Year Review of Site Remedy underway
- Superfund Five Year Review
  - Is remedy functioning as intended?
  - Are the assumptions used in selecting the remedy still valid?
  - Is there new information that calls the remedy into question?
- Identified 6 issues; provided recommended actions

#### 4th Five Year Review:

### Issue #1 - Changed Site Conditions

- □ Conditions have changed since the 1987 Risk Assessment and 1989 Record of Decision
  - Procedures
  - Data
  - Standards

■ Recommendation: Re-evaluate the assumptions and methodologies used in the 1987 Risk Assessment and determine if a new Risk Assessment is needed.

□ Due: September 30, 2013

# 4<sup>th</sup> Five Year Review: Issue #2 — Contaminants Exceed State Standards

- **■** Examples:
  - 2,4-dimethylphenol
  - BTEX (Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylene)
  - Napthalene
- Recommendation: Evaluate constituents exceeding DEQ-7 standards and determine appropriate cleanup goals
- □ Due: September 30, 2013

#### 4th Five Year Review:

### Issue #3 - Groundwater Contamination

- Issue #3 Groundwater contaminant concentrations above the ROD levels; Evidence indicates more extensive groundwater contamination
  - Contamination found outside CGWA boundary
  - Need additional groundwater investigation
- Recommendation: Conduct environmental investigations to more fully characterize the nature and extent of Site contamination and potential risks to human health and the environment.
- Due: Work currently underway;September 30, 2014 completion date

#### 4<sup>th</sup> Five Year Review:

### Issue #4 Monitoring - Vapor Intrusion

- Recommendation: Conduct additional residential screening(s) to more completely evaluate this potential risk pathway
  - Contaminants in groundwater can sometimes seep into the air inside homes
  - Potential risk pathway needs to be evaluated
- Action:
  - 2011 Sampling completed
  - 2012 and 2013 Sampling planned
- □ Due: September 30, 2013

#### 4th Five Year Review:

### Issue #5 – Town Drinking Water Well

- Recommendation: Monitor the volatile organics (e.g., Benzene) and phenols to ensure continued protectiveness
- Town Drinking Water is safe
- Monitoring as extra precaution
- Action: Include beginning with next samples collected
- Due: Now September/October 2012

#### 4th Five Year Review:

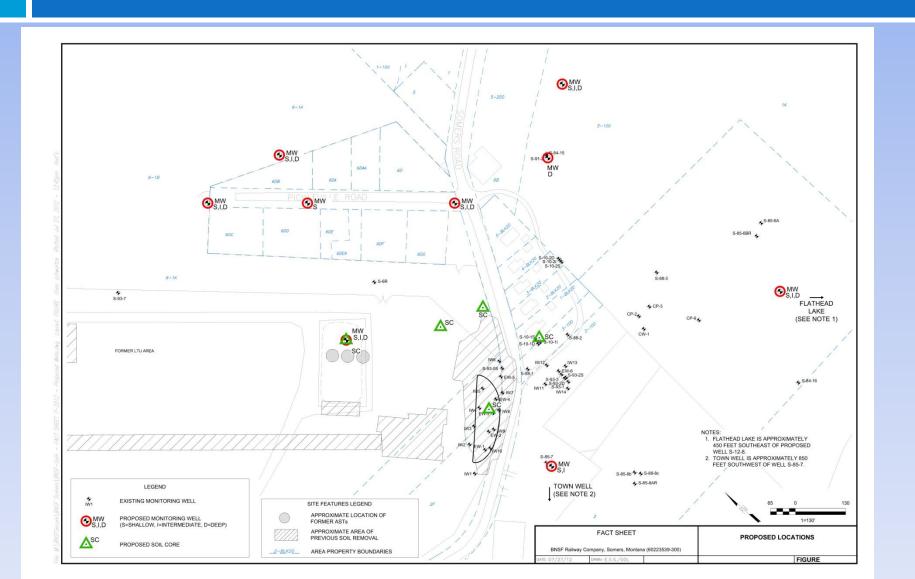
### Issue #6 - Institutional Controls

 Recommendation: Implement enforceable Institutional Controls; Increase the size of the Controlled Groundwater Area

Action: Work with BNSF and local governments to develop Institutional Controls

□ Due: September 30, 2015

### New Groundwater Monitoring Wells



### Vapor Intrusion Screening

- Indoor air sampling
- Potential exposure

2011 screening

- Next Steps
  - Additional sampling
  - Work plan due next week



### Next Steps

- Monitoring Well installation October
- On-going groundwater monitoring
- 2012-2013
  - Analyze and interpret data
  - Update Conceptual Site Model
  - Continue to sample indoor air
  - Re-examine cleanup levels and risk assessment
  - Re-evaluate technologies for the Site cleanup
- Continue to follow-up on 5YR recommendations

### Discussion

For more information:

www.deq.mt.gov.fedsuperfund/bns.mcpx

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